

Planning & Development Division

Planning & Economic Development Department

Room 160
Vest First Street

218-730-5580

Room 160 411 West First Street Duluth, Minnesota 55802

File Number	PL 20-090		Contact		John Kelley	ohn Kelley	
Туре	Special Use Permit for a School expansion for outdoor accessible space with structures		Planning Commission Date		on Date	July 14, 2020	
Deadline Application Date		ion Date	June 9, 2020		60 Days	August 8, 2020	
ioi Action	Date Extension Letter Mailed		June 29, 2020 120 Days		120 Days	October 7, 2020	
Location of Sub							
Applicant	Tischer Creek Duluth Building Company		Contact	Paul Goossens			
Agent	LHB, Inc		Contact	Heidi Bringman			
Legal Description		See attached					
Site Visit Date		July 7, 2020	Sign Notice Date			June 30, 2020	
Neighbor Letter Date		July 1, 2020	Number of Letters Sent		Sent	17	

Proposal

Applicant is requesting a special use permit to expand its existing school campus to provide outdoor accessible space with structures located in an R-2, Residential Urban zone district.

Recommendation

Staff recommend approval with conditions.

	Current Zoning	Existing Land Use	Future Land Use Map Designation
Subject	R-2, RR-1	School, Open Space	Rural Residential/Institutional
North	RR-1	Undeveloped	Rural Residential/Open Space
South	RR-1, MU-B	Commercial	Traditional Neighborhood
East	RR-1	Undeveloped/Residential	Rural Residential
West	R-1	Tennis Center/Undeveloped	Rural Residential

Summary of Code Requirements

UDC Section 50-37.10. Special Use Permits: Planning Commission shall approve the planning review or approve it with modifications, if it is determined that the application complies with all applicable provisions of this Chapter.

- 1) The application is consistent with the Comprehensive Land Use;
- 2) The application complies with all applicable provisions of this Chapter; including without limitations to any use-specific standards applicable to the proposed use, development or redevelopment, and is consistent with any approved district plan for the area.
- 3) Without limiting the previous criteria, the Commission may deny any application that would result in a random pattern of development with little contiguity to existing or programmed development or would cause anticipated negative fiscal or environmental impacts on the community.

UDC Section 50-20.2.G School, elementary, middle or high

Comprehensive Plan Governing Principle and/or Policies and Current History (if applicable):

Governing Principle #5 – Promote reinvestment in neighborhoodsthrough land use and transportation. New development or redevelopment should maximize public investment that strengthens neighborhood commercial centers or diversifies residential opportunities that fit the neighborhood's character.

The applicant will be utilizing the existing North Star School campus to expand accessible outdoor space for activities, recreation and school functions.

Governing Principle #11 - Consider education systems in land use actions. There is a connection between land use patterns and all level of educational facilities. School locations and housing opportunities for students and families require consideration of impacts on transportation and infrastructure systems, housing densities, parking, and non-student uses.

North Star Academy is expanding their campus to provide more educational and well-being opportunities for the school and surrounding area.

Future Land Use, Urban Residential: Greatest variety of residential building types, medium to high densities. Applicable to larger infill areas close to downtown, entertainment or activity centers, and waterfront residential areas. May include student housing areas, live/work units, and limited neighborhood retail. Connected or adjacent to parks and open space.

Institutional: Applicable to medical, university/college, public school, religious, or governmental campuses. Can include adjacent areas that support them, with related commercial and/or office uses, and residential uses in the fringe areas of the district.

History:

The 99,000 square foot North Star Academy School building and campus was constructed in 2010. FN 1087 WRMO – wetland variance – variance was for impacts due to construction of Edison/North Star School

Review and Discussion Items

- 1) The applicant has stated that the North Star Academy site is currently lacking sufficient accessible outdoor space for students to safely use. The site is zoned R-2 and a Special Use Permit is requested to expand the K-8 school campus on its current lot. The proposed project will take place over the next five years and includes new recreational fields, ADA pathways, an outdoor shelter/yurt, equipment storage sheds for programming items, outdoor classrooms, agility areas and a ceremonial gathering space. This request to expand the campus development north will provide better access to greenspace and will provide safe places to hold outdoor activities. This project will not expand the existing classroom instructional space.
- 2) Sec. 50-18.1 (Wetlands), There are no wetlands in the project limits and therefore no wetland delineation is required. The site is essentially on top of a hill (with bedrock) and is considered upland.
- 3) Sec. 50-20.2.G (Use Specific Standards) School, elementary, middle or high. The applicable standards do not apply to this proposed project at the school. The project does propose accessible access from the adjacent parking lots and building for student drop off and pickup from the outdoor area.

- 4) Sec. 50-24 (Parking and Loading). The proposed outdoor space and amenities will be utilized by the school. Parking will be provided via the existing adjacent school parking lot.
- 5) Sec. 50-25 (Landscaping). Landscaping between differing land uses: Commercial or institutional abutting residential. Landscape buffer options do not apply. The campus expansion is centrally located within the property and is screened from the surrounding uses by the existing landscape.
- 6) 50-25.9 (Tree Preservation) The applicant has submitted a tree inventory and replacement plan for review and approval by the City Forester (draft attached). The landscape plan submitted is inclusive of the tree replacement plan. Staff has reviewed impacts to trees due to their location relative to the project; the proposed replacement will address loss of these trees on the site; final approval by the Land Use Supervisor is required prior to issuance of the building permit.
- 1) Sec. 50-26 (Screening, Walls and Fences). Not applicable to this project.
- 2) Sec. 50-28 (Stormwater Drainage and Erosion Control). The stormwater management plan is in process and the applicant is working closely with the City stormwater engineer to finalize a plan that will be compliant.
- 3) Sec. 50-29 (Sustainability Standards). Not applicable to this project.
- 4) Sec. 50-30 (Building Design Standards). These requirements do not apply for this project.
- 5) Sec. 50-31 (Exterior Lighting). No lighting is planned for the project area.
- 6) No citizen or city departments comments were received at the time that this report was written (July 7, 2020).
- 7) UDC 50-37.1.N. states that an approved Special Use Permit will expire if the project or activity authorized by the permit has not begun within one-year.

Staff Recommendation

Based on the above findings, Staff recommends that Planning Commission approve the special use permit subject to the following conditions:

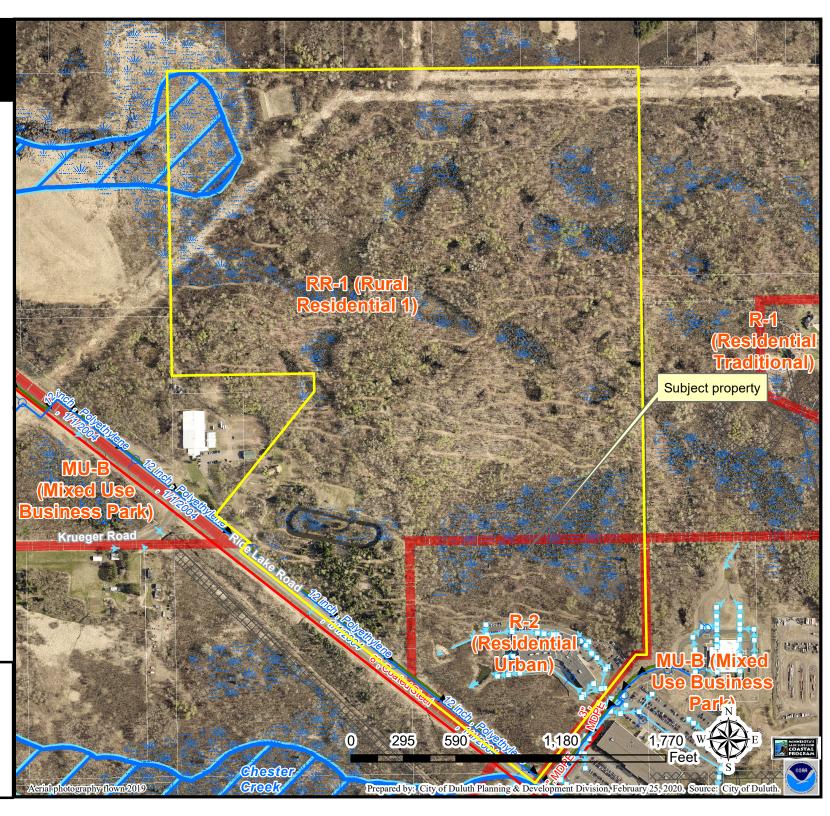
- 1) The proposal is limited to the site plan and documents submitted with this application; and
- 2) Approval of the tree inventory and replacement plan by the City Forester and Land Use Supervisor; and
- 3) Any alterations to the approved plans that do not alter major elements of the plan may be approved by the Land Use Supervisor without further Planning Commission review; however, no such administrative approval shall constitute a variance from the provisions of Chapter 50.

PL 20-090 Zoning Map

Legend Gas Main Water Main Hydrant Sanitary Sewer Mains CITY OF DULUTH - WLSSD; PRIVATE Sanitary Sewer Forced Main Storage Basin Pump Station Storm Sewer Mains Storm Sewer Pipe Storm Sewer Catch Basin ∨acated ROW Zoning Boundaries Shoreland (UDC) Cold Water Natural Environment General Development Trout Stream (GPS) Other Stream (GPS)

The City of Duluth has tried to ensure that the information contained in this map or electronic document is accurate. The City of Duluth makes no warranty or guarantee concerning the accuracy or reliability. This drawing/data is neither a legally recorded map nor a survey and is not intended to be used as one. The drawing/data is a compilation of records, information and data located in various City, County and State offices and other sources affecting the area shown and is to be used for reference purposes only. The City of Duluth shall not be liable for errors contained within this data provided or for any damages in connection with the use of this information contained within.

Wetlands (NRRI)

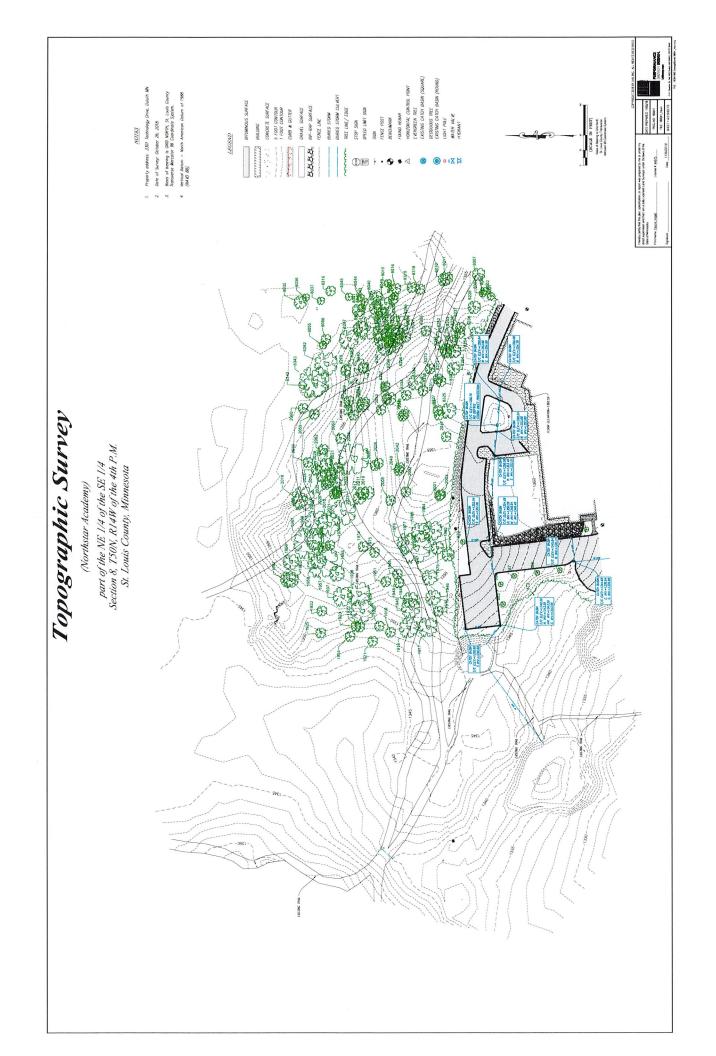


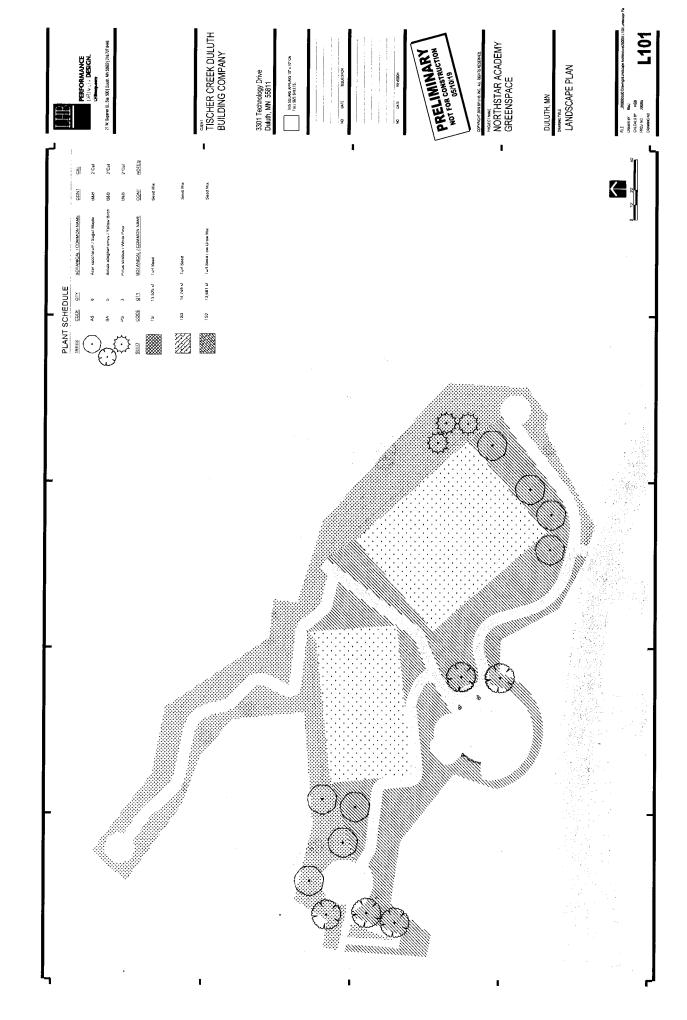
County Land Explorer St. Louis County, Minnesota RR-1 DULUTH R-2 Project Location Limits Exhibit 1,860 The proposed campus greenspace expansion highlighted on a County Land Explorer map that County Land Explorer shows adjacent zoning and property line St. Louis County www.stlouiscountymn.gov/explorer Minnesota Disclaimer This is a compilation of records as they appear in the Saint Louis County Offices affecting the area shown. This drawing is to be used only for reference purposes and the County is not responsible for any inaccuracies herein Map created using County Land Explorer © Copyright St. Louis County Minnesota | All Rights Reserved Printed: 6/3/2020 www.stlouiscountymn.gov/explorer

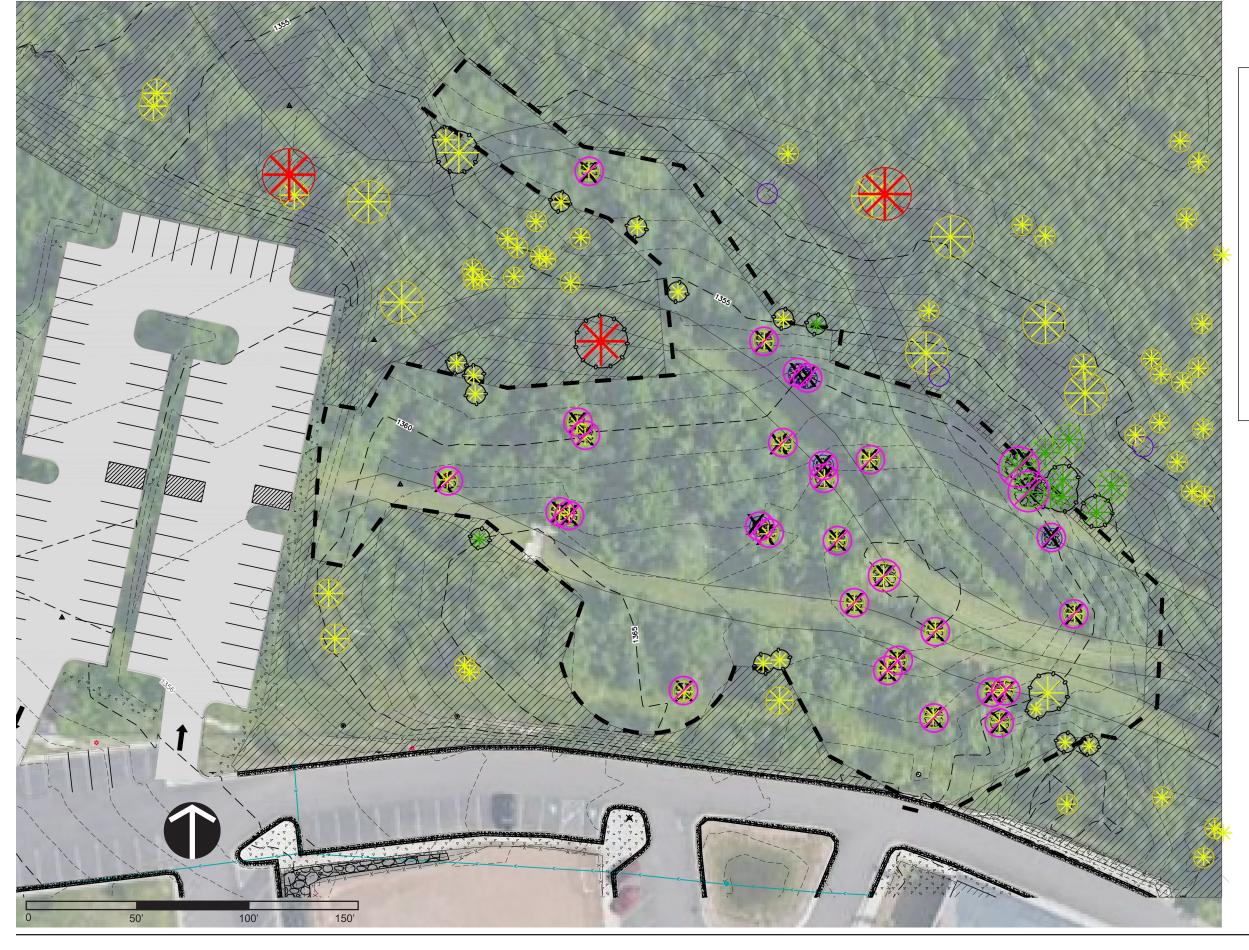


REVISED CONCEPT

200095 | North Star Academy Recreational Greenspace







Legend

Other Significant Trees



Special Trees >20" DBH

Surveyed Tree, not in tree preservation category

-0-0-0 Protected Trees

Construction Limits

0

Removed Tree



Area Protected During Construction



City of Duluth **Planning Division**

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TREE PRESERVATION REPORT (REVISED MARCH 29, 2013)

A tree preservation report is required for any development or redevelopment activities that impacts trees and is on a lot of more than 10,000 square feet with a multi-family, mixed use, commercial, institutional, industrial, or parking principal use or a lot of record created after 11/19/10. See sections 50-25.6 and 50-25.9 of the UDC. **Note:** before preparation of the tree preservation report, contact the City Forester to discuss the proposed scope and size of the project, and to get any additional information or instructions prior to commencing the tree inventory.

Property address/location: 3301	Technology Drive, Duluth MN 55811	
Name of applicant/agent: Tischer	r Creek Duluth Building Company	
Phone: Ema	il:	
Date of expected tree removal: _	June 2021	
Type of Trees	Removal Threshold	Number Impacted by Project
Special Trees 6"-20" DBH	10 or more	22
Special Trees >20" DBH	Prohibited unless approved per Section 50-25.9	0
Other Significant Trees	20 or more	2
DBH. Any replacement tree p Map Attach a map of the property, includir which will be removed (or attach your	f more than 10 inches DBH, and all spe lanted as part of a tree replacement pl	dicate which trees will be preserved and protected during construction through
I testify that this report is true and ac	ccurate to the best of my knowledge.	
Applicant Signature:		Date:
City Approval Upon review of all applicable informat	cion, I approve the Tree Preservation R	eport (if with conditions, make note).
City Forester Signature:	Date:	

White pine (Pinus strobes)

- only five-needle pine native to eastern North America
- distinguished by its commonly "windblown" or asymmetrical look; its large, long cones; and its five needles per cluster







Norway Pine (Pinus resinosa)

- also called the red pine because of its pale red wood and reddish bark
- branches on mature trees don't begin until about two-thirds of the way up the tree trunk
- crown of the Norway pine is cone-shaped and the glossy/dark green needles are soft and flexible

Fun Fact: The name Norway comes from early explorers who thought the tree was a pine they had seen back home in Norway. Perhaps because so many Norwegians live here, Minnesota is the only state that still uses the term Norway.





White Cedar (Thuja occidentalis)

- small evergreen tree (average height 40') with fan-like branches
- leaves are flat and scale like; 3-5cm in length

Fun Facts: This species is threatened where white-tail dear populations are high, since deer commonly use cedars as a winter food source. Oils from this tree are found in organic medications used to eliminate warts.





White Spruce (Picea glauca)

- large evergreen tree (average height: 40' to 60', occasionally 100')
- leaves are needlelike and sharply pointed, four-sided, crowded along branchlets; length 1/3" to 3/4"





Eastern Hemlock (Tsuga Canadensis)

- typically have a dense pyramidal crown whose lower branches often sweep the ground
- leaves are flat and green above with white, shallow, bands on the underside
- cones are among the smallest of the pine family; 1/2" to 3/4" long







Sugar Maple (Acer saccharum)

- <u>deciduous tree</u> normally reaching 82'–115' tall
- leaves are simple, opposite on stem, length 3" to 5"; three- to five-pointed, smooth-edged lobes; dark green on upper surface, lighter green below; in autumn turns to brilliant shades of dark red, scarlet, orange, or yellow
- seeds consists of two slightly connected wings (samaras), each containing one seed; length about 1"; easily carried by the wind
- principal source of maple syrup







American Basswood (Tilia americana)

- medium-sized to large <u>deciduous</u> tree reaching a height of 60' to 120'
- leaves are simple, alternate on stem, length 3" to 6", nearly as wide, heart-shaped, saw-toothed, sharp-pointed at tip; at maturity thick, shiny, green above, paler underneath, turns yellow to orange in autumn

seeds are rounded, nutlike drupe covered with short, thick, brownish wool, attached in clusters to a leafy bract that later acts as a wing to carry seeds away on the wind; fruit often hangs on tree long into winter







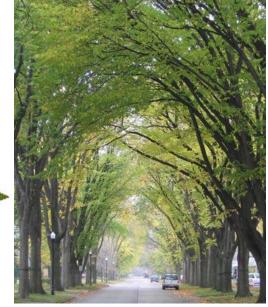
American Elm (Ulmus Americana)

- a deciduous tree reaching heights of 100' tall
- crown forms a high, spreading canopy with open air space beneath
- leaves are alternate, 7–20 cm long, with double-serrate margins and an oblique base
- tree is <u>hermaphroditic</u>, having <u>perfect flowers</u>, (i.e. with both male and female parts) and is therefore capable of self-pollination

• wholly insensitive to daylight length (photoperiod), and will continue to grow well into autumn until injured by frost







Yellow Birch (Betula alleghaniensis)

- easily recognized by the yellowish-bronze exfoliating bark for which it is named; the <u>bark</u> is smooth, yellow-bronze, flaking in fine horizontal strips, and often with small black marks and scars
- medium-sized deciduous tree reaching 65' tall
- <u>flowers</u> are wind-pollinated <u>catkins</u> 1"to 2 1/2"long







Oak Species (genus Quercus)

- <u>spirally</u> arranged <u>leaves</u>, with a lobed margin in many species; some have <u>serrated leaves</u> or entire leaves with a smooth margin
- <u>flowers</u> are <u>catkins</u>, produced in <u>spring</u>
- <u>fruit</u> is a <u>nut</u> called an <u>acorn</u>, borne in a cup-like structure known as a <u>cupule</u>; each acorn contains one seed (rarely two or three) and takes 6–18 months to mature, depending on species





